

The Miner.

T. J. Butler, Editor.

FRIDAY, JUNE 25th, 1875.

All accounts for advertising and subscription which became due on or before the first day of February, and all bills for legal advertisements which appeared in the Miner prior to that date are payable to John H. Marion. All accounts accruing since that date are payable to T. J. Butler, the present proprietor.

CAN GET NO BENEFIT.

It seems strange that a gentleman of Judge Dunne's acknowledged attainments should seriously stand up before an audience and tell them that "unless the Church has the handling of the funds, Catholics can get no benefit at all from the common school system." This is saying, in effect, that Catholics are a peculiarly privileged people, surrounded by an atmosphere of sanctity that renders their offspring superior to that of the common herd whose children would pollute those of God's chosen ones by contract in the school room. If we have a class among us too good to allow their children to associate with those of the descendants of the rude men who signed the Declaration of Independence and adopted the Constitution of the United States, may we not be raising up and cultivating an element that in another generation will attempt to set the church above the state in temporal as well as spiritual affairs? We have the solemn warning of Washington, and in fact of all the old worthies who established this Government, to beware of those who would complicate the affairs of Church and State. The great central idea in breaking away from English rule and setting up an independent government on this continent was that it should be entirely free from ecclesiastical interference, that the churches must take care of themselves, independent of all governmental assistance, and that each individual should have an equal voice in political affairs regardless of his views on matters of religion, and yet we are told by the Lord's viceregent on Earth that the privilege of worshipping God according to the dictates of one's own conscience is the invention of heretics for the confusion of the faithful, and now comes the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona and avows that the church must rule the State in the primary and most important of all the secular institutions of the country, and that unless the Church is allowed this privilege the children of Catholics must remain uneducated. If our friend will let aside his prejudices and visit the public schools, he will see that he is mistaken, and that the children of Catholic parents are not only being educated but are learning with extraordinary rapidity and furthermore that it is not interfering in the least with their religious training, either at home or church.

HIGH TOLLS AGAIN.—We have been handed the following for publication, which speaks for itself:

PRESOTT, A. T., June 20, 1875.
EDITOR MINER: Dear Sir—Allow me through the columns of your paper to say that we drove from California 4,000 head of sheep over the toll-road known as the Hardyville road, and the Toll-gate man charged us \$800. This amount we thought was more than sheep men could afford in their efforts to settle this country. We called on Mr. Hardy and entered our complaint after his arrival from California and he voluntarily paid us back \$400. We feel it our duty to say, in behalf of Mr. Hardy, that he acted very gentlemanly with us, and we feel as though we could say to those traveling from California that they will find in Mr. Hardy a gentleman and a man that will deal fairly and honorably with them.

PETER FILANCE.

A SAN BERNARDINO paper gives this information for the benefit of emigrants: "We have room for plowmen, teamsters, mowers, wood-choppers and farmers of every description in this country by the hundreds; but fancy clerks, etc., are not in much demand. We have splendid openings for hard-working men who wish to farm on shares or build up homes of their own, but no opportunities for dandy loafers. In a word, we want working men, and men with money; to both this country presents the most inviting field in California."

Such advice is applicable to Arizona as well as San Bernardino.

Mary Depotty, of Nephi City, Utah, who says she is the mother of four children, all alive, viz: Joseph, James, Betsy Jane and Mary Angeline, writes that she has heard that her husband, the father of these children, is in Arizona. His name is James Depotty, and she has been trying to find him for twenty-one years; she would give the whole world to find him. Such constancy ought to be rewarded, but the chances are he is not worth hunting up.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS IN CALIFORNIA.—The following ticket was nominated at Sacramento:

Governor, T. G. Phelps; Lieutenant Governor, S. M. Davis, of San Joaquin county; Secretary of State, E. D. Hallet, of Chico; State Controller, James G. Green; Surveyor-General, Robert Gardner; State Treasurer, Wm. Beckman; Clerk of Supreme Court, G. J. Taggart; Attorney General, E. D. Sawyer; Superintendent Pub. Instructions, E. S. Carr.

Some parties have started a tan-yard nine miles above Camp Lowell, and have quite a large number of hides now in process of tanning. Arizona will soon produce her own leather, if other localities will follow this example. There is an abundance of oak in this vicinity to warrant a similar enterprise.

The Bulletin says the Independent voters are "Minute Men." We challenge any body to find sixty of them in an hour in this section.—[Vallejo Chronicle.]

MINING NOTES.

Theo. Boggs brought in some specimens that he calculated would go \$15,000 to the ton, day before yesterday, but when he came to have it assayed the certificate read, gold 900; silver, 000; copper, 000; lead, 000; and to add insult to disappointment, the assayer had added a note stating that it was not even good rock to build a wall, or for any other useful purpose. Theo. says his discovery is open to relocation if anybody wants to jump it.

We hear of a rich discovery not far from the Davis mine, in the Hassayampa range, by Columbus and Moore, but how rich or how extensive we have not heard. It is gold rock and created quite an excitement at the Crook mine when samples were brought there.

Fredricks has his ten stamps in active operation now, and is turning out a good yield of bullion each week.

Hutchison has returned from Mineral Park with the fire-brick for the Silver Belt furnace, which will blow again in a short time, when we shall expect to see a few tons of silver bullion shipped away from that mine.

Considerable quantities of placer gold are being received from Lynx Creek and the Hassayampa, at the different stores, besides the usual quantity of arrastra gold.

Several parties from California and Nevada have recently gone into the placer districts to prospect: among them an old Red Bluff (Cal.) acquaintance, W. W. Wells, who has the muscle and the will, and only requires to find a place where there is not too much dirt mixed with the gold, and water to wash it with.

Mr. Hastings late of the Blue Ridge Flume and Lumber Co., Tehama county, Cal., has also been investigating the diggings at Bradshaw.

Collier has gone back to Bradshaw to have everything in readiness for the summer rains, which may be expected to begin at any time.

Another party has gone to look at the cinabar deposits on the Verde. Stone, who was out with John Malcom, goes with Kerr and Clark, who will investigate it thoroughly and report without quite so much mystery when they return. Malcom is no doubt a good miner, but he plays his points so fine that we fear he bewilders himself sometimes and is not quite sure what he has got.

Parties who have reliable information as to any new discoveries or development, will oblige us by communicating the facts to us for publication. Remember, we want no humbug, but up and give us the facts, and we will put them in shape.

PRESOTT, A. T., June 25th, 1875.

EDITOR MINER:—The near approach of the time fixed upon for celebrating at Philadelphia the hundredth year of our national existence I find has stirred up a very strong and longing desire among most, if not all, of the old pioneers of this Territory to be present and assist in celebrating that great event, and I have no doubt but a like interest and desire pervades the breast of every old pioneer throughout the entire West; but it is feared that many thousands of that class of our citizens will be deprived of that pleasure, owing to a lack of the necessary means to defray their expenses to and from Philadelphia in 1875. It has therefore occurred to me that the Government of the United States ought to provide the necessary means to enable all such to be present on that occasion, for there is no class of our people that have contributed so much to open up, develop and civilize the western portion of this Continent as the pioneer—most of whom have sacrificed the comforts of civilized life and the society of friends, and devoted their lives and fortunes on the frontiers in opening up to settlement this vast empire, and thereby greatly contributing to the revenues and resources of the general government and, it therefore seems to me, that it is not asking too much in return, of a Government that has been so greatly benefitted by this class of our people to expend a few millions of dollars in providing the necessary means to enable them to gratify a spirit of patriotism that pervades the breast of every true American; for it is certain that had it not been for the pioneer, this country, in the year 1875, could not have made the showing that it will on that occasion. Why then should not the Government do this much to in part repay the pioneer for the deprivations of a long life spent in contributing to the greatness and glory of this great Nation? It is therefore in behalf of the pioneer I desire to call the attention of the press of the country to this subject, and hope thereby, if possible to enlist the services of our Representatives in the Congress of the United States in our behalf, so that at the next Session of Congress they will secure the required appropriation for the purpose above referred to; for there is no class of our public men more familiar with the merits and claims of our pioneers than the Representatives in Congress from the entire Western States and Territories, and I am convinced that they will take hold of this matter in earnest when their attention shall have been called to it through the press.

Yours, truly, A. T. PRESOTT.

TO WORK HARD STEEL.—If steel is rather hard under the hammer when heated to the proper cherry-red, it may be covered with salt and hammered to about the shape desired. More softness can then be obtained, if required to give a further finish to the shape, by sprinkling it with a mixture of salt, blue vitriol, salomonic, saltpeter and alum, made cherry-red again, sprinkled with this mixture and hammered into shape. This process may be repeated until entirely finished. When ready the steel is hardened in a solution of the same mixture. This method is recommended by Mr. W. R. Lake.

Priests of the Church of Rome well know that they could soon put Roman Catholics in the Board of Education, that the Board would be subject to their dictation, and then all the schools would be under Papal control.—[N.Y. Witness.]

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Special to the Miner by U. S. Military and W. U. Lines)

EASTERN.

Chico, June 19.—A deplorable state of affairs is reported on the Texas border. The Mexicans predominate and control all offices. The Mexican government is either powerless or unwilling to interfere.

Shanghai, June 19.—Native soldiers publicly insulted an American consul and wife, and foreign residents and consuls are defending the consulate at Ching Kiang; great excitement prevails. The British and American squadrons at Shanghai have gone to Ching Kiang to prevent a riot.

New York, June 22.—William M. Tweed was released from Blackwell's Island to-day but is held for three millions bail.

London, June 17.—Many very heavy failures have occurred among merchants engaged in the East India trade, causing considerable excitement. It is something like a panic in London.

Omaha, June 22.—The following was received from Col. Dodge, commanding the escort of Prof. Jenney's Black Hills party: **HARNEY'S PEAK, June 17th.**

"Gold is found in paying quantities on French Creek. Custar's report is confirmed in every particular. Private advices received here say the command found 100 miners at work in Custar's Gulch taking out gold at the rate of from \$5 to \$25 to the pan."

PACIFIC SLOPE.

San Francisco, June 22.—The immense gathering at Platt's Hall last night, to listen to Senator Sargent was very flattering to that gentleman, and promises well for the prospects of the Republican ticket. No bands played; no bonfires burned. The simple announcement that the Senator would speak was enough to overcrowd the hall. Mr. Sargent made some telling points, and was listened to with attention throughout, and frequently applauded.

The U. S. Steamer Saranac, hence from Behring's Straits, went ashore on the 18th, at the entrance to Nanaimy harbor and sunk; all saved.

Gold in New York 117 1/2. Greenbacks in San Francisco 86 and 87.

San Diego, June 23.—The Washington Star of a late date says Deputy Coroner Lee made a post mortem examination of the body of Captain Wm. H. Brown, of the 5th U. S. Cavalry, who committed suicide on Friday. At the time Captain Brown was dying he spoke of a ring he had swallowed. The ring was found; on the inside was engraved—"Be Satisfied." The story of the ring was not ascertained, but if rumors be true he was engaged to the young lady in New Orleans who has since become the wife of Gen. Phil Sheridan.

San Francisco, June 23.—The naval authorities here made arrangements with Goodall, Nelson & Perkins to send the steamer San Luis to bring the Army officers and the crew of the wrecked steamer Saranac.

Gold in New York, 117 1/2. Greenbacks in San Francisco, 86 and 87.

Sacramento, June 23—2 p.m.—The Independent State Convention met this morning, adopted a platform and proceeded to nominations. M. E. Attee, A. P. Catlin and John Bidwell were placed in nomination for Governor. On the third ballot Catlin received 79 votes, and Bidwell 197. Bidwell was declared the nominee. Romualdo Pacheco was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor by acclamation. Pacheco addressed the convention, saying that when he saw the men who controlled the Republican convention, and the manner in which they proposed to do it, he severed his connection with the Republican party forever, and determined to cast his lot with the Independents. Additional nominations were made as follows: Secretary of State, W. Roush, of Placer; Controller, Lauren E. Crane, of Sierra; Treasurer, F. Baehr, of Sacramento, by acclamation, Peter Van Cleif, for Attorney-General. C. A. Tuttle, of Alameda, for Congressman from the Second District.

San Diego, June 22.—It has been stated that the A. & P. telegraph Co. on this Coast contemplate extending their wires to Fort Yuma to connect at that point with the U. S. lines. This Company will reach Los Angeles by July 1st, and when the line to Yuma is completed, it will give Arizona a competing line direct to the East.

New York, June 21.—Business men have about made up their minds that there must be a general lowering of prices to a coin standard, but we must have coin itself as a basis before we can expect prosperous times. The wool market is unchanged.

San Francisco, June 21.—The stock market is flat to-day. Consolidated Virginia sold at 305; California at 52, and Ophir at 42.

John T. Miller, Secretary of the Western Development Company, was arrested at Marysville and brought here yesterday on a charge of defalcation to the amount of \$300,000.

TERRITORIAL.

Tucson, June 18.—The Citizen of this week says: "We understand that Brigham Young, the great Mormon apostle, is determined if possible to establish a colony in Sonora. His great desire to get out of the United States is to get away from the influence of our public schools. He claims that they are doing much to crush Mormonism out of his people, and believes by establishing a strong colony in Sonora and making a common fight in co-operation with the Catholic priests that they will be able to break up the public schools. The people of Mexico are now trying to establish and thereby keep the people from receiving only such education as the Mormon and Catholic priests choose to give them."

A Mexican named Corralas while resisting a constable, on Tuesday evening, was shot and killed by the officer.

Judge A. C. Haskell, of Mohave county,

has been granted leave of absence by the Governor, and is about to visit his old home in Boston.

Yuma, June 18.—Encouraging news comes from the different mines in this locality which are being rapidly developed. The work on the new smelting works in town is progressing rapidly.

Col. J. M. Barney left yesterday by private conveyance for San Diego.

The U. S. Military Telegraph Company are making some improvements in town.

The weather to-day is warm; thermometer, 103°.

Maricopa, June 18.—Escobedo's teams left this eve for Yuma with hides consigned to W. B. Hooper & Co., and freight for San Francisco.

Mat. Cavaness' teams will be in Prescott soon.

Tucson, June 17.—The school census of Pinal county taken in May 1875, shows the number of boys between the ages of six and twenty-one, to be sixty and the number of girls fifty-nine.

Camp Lowell, June 23.—Poles are now being distributed along the proposed route of the military telegraph extension, and building at two different points will commence at once. It is the intention of Government to extend the line now terminating at Camp Lowell to Camp Apache, taking in Camp Grant, old Camp Goodwin and the San Carlos reservation. This will be an addition of 300 miles of internal telegraph.

Thunder storms are becoming prevalent. We were visited yesterday and to-day by storms of thunder and lightning, but very little rain.

The construction of Camp Lowell is now very nearly completed.

Yuma, June 23.—The steamer Colorado, with Dr. Lohring and wife, also eleven soldiers as passengers, and freight from steamer Montana arrived from mouth of river this morning. Weather clear and pleasant.

Florence, June 23.—The mining interests near Florence are on the increase. Twenty-five to thirty men are engaged on various ledges in the Pinal extracting the ore which is daily shipped by teams to the Silver Smelting Works, on the Gila. Two furnaces are now in operation and the third being erected.

An Englishman is at present engaged in erecting a furnace on Sweeney's ranch, near the Gila, for smelting copper.

A FORCIBLE SPEECH, which, for its extreme liberality of sentiment, appears to have alienated one or two Democratic journals of his district, has just been delivered by Representative-elect Ben. Hill, of Georgia, to a congratulatory gathering of his constituents. After denouncing the centralizing tendencies of the national Administration, he declared that "secession, coercion, reconstruction are all over;" that "a return must be made to the fundamental principles of the Constitution, which the South violated by secession and the North by its attempt at reconstruction;" that "the time has come for giving up visionary attempts to conciliate the politicians of the two sections who thrive upon disturbances, and for turning the attention to the conciliation and harmonizing of the people," and that "if the North will covenant that the Union shall be constitutional, the South will covenant that the Union shall be eternal."

Mrs. Jane Swisshelm got disgusted at the Brooklyn kissing, and wrote an article for the papers warning all ladies against the dangers of osculation. "Kate," in the New York Graphic, replies after this savage fashion: "Mrs. Swisshelm's letter is enough for me. I can understand just what a dreadful person she must be. She wears trousers, is an old maid, besides that preposterous garment, the chemise. If I was a man I would no more kiss such a woman than I would kiss a pair of tongs that had been left out over night in a snow bank. Kissing when done innocently, is as innocent as strawberries and cream, and as nice. If Mrs. Swisshelm could only grow young and pretty, and take off her trousers, and dress like a Christian, she would soon change her mind about kissing. Her letter is the expression of a cross old woman's envious mind, and she ought to be ashamed of herself."

How RICH MEN BEGIN LIFE. Cornelius Vanderbilt began life with an old pigroge, running between Staten Island and New York City, carrying garden stuff to market. With two or three thousand dollars raised from that source he entered upon steadily increasing enterprises until he amassed the enormous sum of \$50,000,000.

A. T. Stewart first bought a few laces at auction, and opened his way to success in a dingy little shop in Broadway, near the site of his wholesale establishment. Years of rigid honesty, shrewd management and wisdom in things both great and small, have made him the monumental merchant of the nineteenth century.

Daniel Drew, in his early life, was a cattle driver, at the magnificent rate of seventy-five cents a day, and he has now driven himself into an estate valued at from \$25,000,000 to \$30,000,000.

GEORGE LAW, at forty-five years of age, was a common day laborer on docks, and at present counts his fortune at about \$10,000,000.

UP IN OREGON, a young manipulator of the telegraph wires concluded to put in a recent Sunday evening at the pleasant employment of doing the agreeable to his jimpson blossom, that lived on Piety Hill. He called early, and had but seated himself for a long, cosy talk, when in walked a stylish young printer, who politely informed the lighting-ticker that it was his night on watch, and he proposed to "set up" till the coast was clear, if it took all the coal oil in the house. The man of electricity departed in disgust.

A GENTLEMAN who arrived at San Francisco from Lima, Peru, and who has worked for Harry Meiggs for years, says there is no truth in the report of the railroad magnate's bankruptcy. The rumor probably arose from the fact that Meiggs had reduced his force of workmen on the different roads, which are now nearly completed. Harry intends to visit San Francisco next year on his way to the Centennial.

Do you remember the fellows who used to come around at noon and tease you for part of your dinner, when you were a boy at school? Well, if you will trace them up, you will find that they are the same chaps—only grown up—that now spend their time hanging around, teasing to be elected to some office, that they may eat free of the public bread.

A NEWLY-MARRIED COUPLE at Roseburg, Oregon, were disturbed on the following morning by the appearance at their chamber door of that irrepressible mother-in-law, who exclaimed: "Now you get up; when I was married my old man was out in the field mowing long afore this time of day. If you don't get up I'll burn up your clothes!" "Burn 'em, old gal; gaul darn 'em, I don't want 'em agin!" exclaimed the groom.

BORN.

Born, at Willow Creek, near Prescott, June 19th, to the wife of Thomas Smith, a daughter.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

LIFE IS SWEET.—The blood is the life of the human system. Keep it pure and all is well; for this purpose no standard medicine has so uniform and amazing success as Dr. HENLEY'S Celebrated I. X. L. Bitters. This is a pure stimulant, medicated with the finest tonics and alteratives which the vegetable kingdom affords; and is the only preparation at present known which thoroughly meets the emergency. The effect of this popular restorative is continuous. Each dose taken invigorates the vital energies and the brain, and its prolonged use will unquestionably cure any case of debility, or mental torpidity that does not arise from organic causes beyond the reach of medicine. It is in the strictest sense of the word, an invigorating and regulating cordial. If the nerves are tremulous and relaxed, it braces them; if the liver is torpid it promotes activity in that organ; the appetite is poor and digestion a slow and painful operation, it creates a relish for food and enables the stomach to convert it into healthful aliment. Moreover, it is a specific for a large number of ailments, some of which are particularly prevalent in the damp and chilly weather which we so often experience in mid-winter. Among these may be mentioned rheumatism, chills and fever, and all the morbid conditions of the digestive organs. By insuring perfect digestion and a proper flow of bile, it ensures poor blood, a vigorous circulation, and the prompt discharge of all waste matter from the system. my29ml

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RACES! RACES! RACES!



Saturday, July 3d, 1875,

PRESOTT JOCKEY CLUB COURSE.

SWEETSTAKES.

Club Purse, - - - \$250.00.
Entrances, Forty Dollars.

Mile Heats—Best Two in Three.

FOUR ENTRIES TO MAKE THE RACE—CATCH weights. Entries to be made on or before Thursday evening, July 1st, with J. L. FISHER, Secretary Prescott Jockey Club.

\$10.00 Reward.

Strayed May 12th from Galea Gulch, Big Bug district, one buckskin colored horse, medium size, eight years old, Spanish brand on left hip. Had a harness on when he got away from an arrastra. I will pay \$10.00 for his delivery to the Plaza Stable, in Prescott, or any information leading to a knowledge of his whereabouts will be rewarded. J. M. DELINE.

Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between Martin V. Davis and George W. Sines is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due the firm or which may at any time hereafter become due are payable to George W. Sines, who will also settle all claims now standing against the firm. MARTIN V. DAVIS, GEORGE W. SINES.

NOTICE.

The Assessment Roll of Yavapai county, Arizona, for the fiscal year ending July 1st, 1875, having this day been received and filed in the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in and for said Yavapai county. Therefore, notice is hereby given that the Supervisors of Yavapai county will meet on a Board of Equalization, at the office of the Clerk aforesaid, on

Monday, July 5th, 1875.

And will continue in session from time to time until the business of equalization presented to them be disposed of, or until the last day of said month of July. WM. WILKERSON, Recorder and ex-officio Clerk Supervisors.

Prescott, June 21, 1875. j253

HARNESS SHOP.

Next door to Ben Weaver's

JAMES T. MCKRAY, Proprietor.

HARNESS AND SADDLE WORK neatly executed.

RANCHING IN WILLIAMSON VALLEY.

HORSES AND MULES WILL BE RANCHED AT

Three Dollars per Month,

At any ranch in Williamson Valley.

WILLIAM J. DIMMONS.

WM. M. BUFFUM.

Still Occupies the Old Stand, West Side of the Plaza,

Prescott, Arizona,

And is in receipt of a Large Invoice of

New and Desirable Goods,

With others Ordered and on the Way.

His customers and the public generally can there find, at moderate prices, anything they may need in the way of

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,

LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

CLOTHING

MENS AND BOYS HATS

Boots and Shoes,

PERFUMERY & TOILET ARTICLES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

HARDWARE, TIN & WOODENWARE,

CROCKERY, GLASS AND EARTHENWARE,

PAPER HANGINGS, LAMPS, CLOCKS,

Mining and Farming Tools,

Together with many other things, which will not be mentioned. GIVE HIM A CALL.

Prescott, June 17, 1875.

PRESOTT. CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA Stage Company.

SEMI-WEEKLY FROM Prescott, Florence and Wickenburg, THROUGH TO San Bernardino and Los Angeles IN SIX DAYS.

Carrying the United States Mails, and the California and Arizona Express Co's Packages and Express, Connecting with Wells, Fargo & Co's Express at San Bernardino, Cal.

OUR CONCORD COACHES leave San Bernardino daily with Passengers, U. S. Mails and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, connecting with Railroad at Sparks, running through to Los Angeles in Sixty Minutes. All extra baggage over these routes across the Gila and Salt Rivers, pass through.

Plumix, Colorado River Indian Reservation, Ehrenberg, Dos Palms, Agua Caliente or Great Hot Mineral Springs, Celebrated San Geronimo Pass, and Many Places of Interest along the Route worthy of notice.

For all particulars apply at our offices, represented by

P. S. EMPEY, Agent, Prescott.

H. H. HULL, Agent, Phoenix.

J. COLLINGSWOOD, Agent, Florence.

F. J. STARKER, Agent, Ehrenberg.

E. P. HUGHES, Agent, San Bernardino.

E. P. NICHOLS, Agent, Sparks.

GEO. PRIDHAM, Agent, Los Angeles.

J. H. PIERSON, Secretary, San Bernardino.

OFFICE—Wickenburg.

SANTA FE AND PRESCOTT Mail-Line.

A vehicle will leave Prescott every

Wednesday and Saturday Morning

FOR CAMP VERDE.

Carrying Passengers and Express.

Fare to Camp Verde, \$7.00.

Express, 50c per lb.

For particulars enquire at the Post Office.

aug3 HAYWARD & BAKER.

MONTEZUMA BAR & BILLIARD SALOON.

MONTEZUMA STREET, PRESCOTT.

We have recently renovated and fixed up our Saloon in fine style, and have none but the choicest

WINES, LIQUORS, and CIGARS,

FOR OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC.

BILLIARDS.

We have two of J. Strahle & Co's finest Tables, with Delaney's Patent wire cushions, which are far superior to any others now in use. Billiardists will please call and judge for themselves.

We have a Club Room, for gentlemen, attached to the Bar Room.

C. A. LEKE & CO.

L. B. JEWELL, WATCHMAKER, JEWELER AND ASSAYER.

South Side of the Plaza, Prescott.

Dealer in